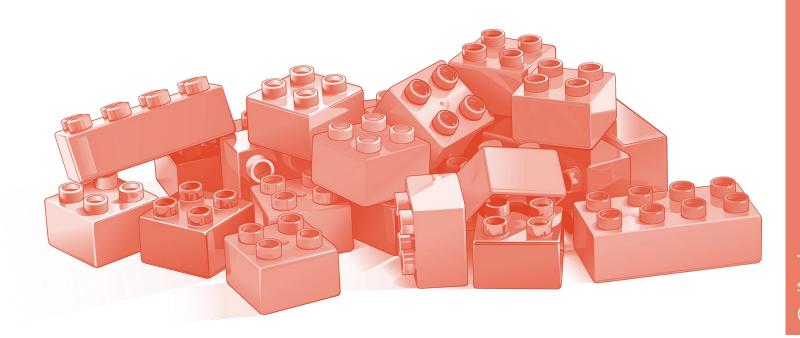
PROGRAMME BUILDERS FOR PSHE EDUCATION

KEY STAGES 1-2



1. QUESTION-BASED MODEL



The national body for Personal,
Social, Health and Economic
(PSHE) education



Welcome to our PSHE education Programme Builders for key stage 1 to 4, designed to accompany the 2020 edition of the <u>Programme of Study for PSHE</u> education.

The Programme of Study sets out learning opportunities for each key stage, in three core themes: Health and Wellbeing, Relationships, and Living in the Wider World. The Programme Builders are designed to support the next step in planning your school's curriculum. The Programme Builders provide five different model programmes (two for the primary phase, two for secondary and one for middle/prep schools), each one comprising:

- a long term plan for the year across all year groups
- separate grids for each year group, setting out learning objectives for each half-term
- **links to resources** (both PSHE Association resources and resources carrying the Association's Quality Mark) that support each module. We will add new quality assured resources to the Programme Builders as they are published.

We have provided this range of models, in recognition that no two schools organise PSHE education in exactly the same way and no two PSHE leads will face exactly the same opportunities or challenges in designing their schemes of work. Schools should also tailor their PSHE education curriculum to the needs of their pupils, so are free to use and adapt the Programme Builder that best suits their school's needs.

Whilst each Programme Builder illustrates a different way of organising a PSHE curriculum, they all follow the same best practice principles. They build in developmental progression by revisiting themes year on year, building on and extending prior learning.

COVERING THE STATUTORY CONTENT

Although the Programme Builders organise content under different headings from those used in the content grids of the Department for Education's statutory guidance on Relationships Education, RSE and Health education, each Programme Builder covers all of the statutory requirements for their phase, within a comprehensive PSHE education programme. And although each takes a slightly different approach, they each cover all of the Programme of Study learning opportunities for their phase as well.

USING THE PROGRAMME BUILDERS

Each Programme Builder begins with an overview of suggested content for each year group, for each half term. This is followed by more detailed grids for each year group, setting out broad learning objectives for each half term block and a list of regularly-updated links to relevant PSHE Association lessons and other resources that have gained our Quality Mark.

Before embarking on the development of your school's PSHE education provision, consider the needs of your pupils, the aims and ethos of the school, the local community and local environment in which the school is situated. This will help you to clarify your curriculum 'intent', and to ensure best practice curriculum design, tailored to your pupils' needs and your school's circumstances.

Local data (for example, from Public Health England's child and maternal health (CHIMAT) data sets and your local authority's joint strategic needs assessment (JSNA)), together with your knowledge of your pupils' needs, will help you to tailor your chosen Programme Builder to your specific needs if necessary. You might perhaps need to spend more time on a particular topic area, or bring content forward if your pupils need it sooner.

ABOUT THIS PROGRAMME BUILDER

1. QUESTION-BASED MODEL KS1-2

This programme builder is structured around an overarching question for each term or half term. These begin in key stage 1 as 'What? and 'Who?' questions and build throughout Key Stage 2 into 'Why?' and 'How?' questions. The three core themes from the Programme of Study are fully covered colour-coding highlights whether the overall topic focus is Health and Wellbeing, Relationships or Living in the Wider World, although some half term blocks will draw on more than one core theme. Teaching builds according to the age and needs of the pupils throughout the primary phase with suggested developmentally appropriate learning objectives given to respond to each key question.

PRIMARY PSHE EDUCATION: LONG-TERM OVERVIEW — QUESTION-BASED MODEL

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year1	What is the same and different about us?	Who is special to us?	What helps us stay healthy?	What can we do with money?	Who helps to keep us safe?	How can we look after each other and the world?
Year2	What makes a good friend?	What is bullying?	What jobs do people do?	What helps us to stay safe?	What helps us grow and stay healthy?	How do we recognise our feelings?
Year3	How can we be a good friend?	What keeps us safe?	What are families like?	What makes a community?	Why should we eat well and look after our teeth?	Why should we keep active and sleep well?
Year4	What strengths, skills and interests do we have?	How do we treat each other with respect?	How can we manage our feelings?	How will we grow and change?	How can our choices make a difference to others and the environment?	How can we manage risk in different places?
Year5	What makes up a person's identity?	What decisions can people make with money?	How can we help in an accident or emergency?	How can friends communicate safely?	How can drugs common to everyday life affect health?	What jobs would we like?
Year6	How can we keep healthy as we grow?		How can the media influence	people?	What will change as we beco How do friendships change a	·

${\tt YEAR~1-MEDIUM-TERM~OVERVIEW}$

Half term / Key question:	Topic	In this unit of work, pupils learn	Quality Assured resources to support planning
Autumn 1 What is the same and different about us?	Relationships Ourselves and others; similarities and differences; individuality; our bodies PoS refs: H21, H22, H23, H25, R13, R23, L6, L14	 what they like/dislike and are good at what makes them special and how everyone has different strengths how their personal features or qualities are unique to them how they are similar or different to others, and what they have in common to use the correct names for the main parts of the body, including external genitalia; and that parts of bodies covered with underwear are private 	PSHE Association – Inclusion, belonging and addressing extremism, (KS1), 'Sameness and difference' Medway Public Health Directorate - Primary RSE Lessons (KS1), Lesson 3, 'Everybody's body' NSPCC – The underwear rule resources (PANTS)
Autumn 2 Who is special to us?	Relationships Ourselves and others; people who care for us; groups we belong to; families PoS refs: L4, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5 Thrive: Can express difficulties and acknowledge uncomfortable and vulnerable feelings.	 that family is one of the groups they belong to, as well as, for example, school, friends, clubs about the different people in their family / those that love and care for them what their family members, or people that are special to them, do to make them feel loved and cared for how families are all different but share common features – what is the same and different about them about different features of family life, including what families do / enjoy together that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them feel unhappy or worried To recognise when they are feeling vulnerable / uncomfortable and how to let someone know they need help. Respect and consent activities on Twinkl. Is this a good relationship scenario cards. 	Medway Public Health Directorate - Primary RSE Lessons (KS1), Lesson 1, 'My special people' Metro Charity, KS1, 'Love and respectful relationships'

Spring 1 What helps us stay healthy?	Health and wellbeing Being healthy; hygiene; medicines; people who help us with health PoS refs: H1, H5, H6, H7, H10, H39	 what being healthy means and who helps help them to stay healthy (e.g. parent, dentist, doctor) that things people put into or onto their bodies can affect how the feel how medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations) can help people stay healthy and that some people need to take medicines every day to stay healthy 	Islington Healthy Schools Team – DrugWise f
		 why hygiene is important and how simple hygiene routines can stop germs from being passed on what they can do to take care of themselves on a daily basis, e.g. brushing teeth and hair, hand washing 	
Spring 2 What can we do with money?	Living in the wider world Money; making choices; needs and wants PoS refs: L10, L11, L12, L13	 what money is - that money comes in different forms how money is obtained (e.g. earned, won, borrowed, presents) how people make choices about what to do with money, including spending and saving the difference between needs and wants - that people may not always be able to have the things they want how to keep money safe and the different ways of doing this 	1decision (5-8) — Money matters £
Summer 1 Who helps to keep us safe?	Health and wellbeing Keeping safe; people who help us PoS refs: H33, H35, H36, R15, R20, L5	 that people have different roles in the community to help them (and others) keep safe - the jobs they do and how they help people who can help them in different places and situations; how to attract someone's attention or ask for help; what to say how to respond safely to adults they don't know what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; and the importance of keeping on asking for support until they are heard how to get help if there is an accident and someone is hurt, including how to dial 999 in an emergency and what to say 	1 decision (5-8) — Keeping/staying safe £

Summer 2	Living in the wider world	•	how kind and unkind behaviour can affect others; how to be	Medway Public Health Directorate - Primary RSE
How can we	Ourselves and others; the world around us;		polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively the	Lessons – KS1, Lesson 2, 'Growing up: the human
look after each	caring for others; growing and changing	•	responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom how people	life cycle'
other and the		•	and animals need to be looked after and cared for what can harm	me cycle
world?	_		the local and global environment; how they and others can help	1 decision (5-8) - Being responsible £
	PoS refs: H26, H27, R21, R22, R24, R25,		care for it	
	L2, L3	•	how people grow and change and how people's needs change as they grow from young to old	Alzheimer's Society -Creating a dementia-friendly generation (KS1)
		•	how to manage change when moving to a new class/year group	

YEAR 2 — MEDIUM-TERM OVERVIEW

Half term / Key question:	Торіс	In this unit of work, pupils learn	Quality Assured resources to support planning
Autumn 1	Relationships	how to make friends with others	
What makes a good friend?	Friendship; feeling lonely; managing arguments	 how to recognise when they feel lonely and what they could do about it 	
		 how people behave when they are being friendly and what makes a good friend 	
	PoS refs: R6, R7, R8, R9, R25	how to resolve arguments that can occur in friendships	
		how to ask for help if a friendship is making them unhappy	
Autumn 2	Relationships	how words and actions can affect how people feel	1 decision (5-8) - Relationships £
What is bullying?	Behaviour; bullying; words and actions; respect for others	 how to ask for and give/not give permission regarding physical contact and how to respond if physical contact makes them uncomfortable or unsafe 	
	PoS refs: R10, R11, R12, R16, R17, R21,	why name-calling, hurtful teasing, bulling and deliberately excluding others is unacceptable	
	R22, R24, R25 Thrive: Is assertive rather than threatening or bullying, timid or	 how to respond if this happens in different situations how to report bullying or other hurtful behaviour, including online, to a trusted adult and the importance of doing so. 	
	passive.		
		How they may affect others positively and	
		sometimes in ways that cause distress. Use	

		different art media to express feelings e.g. music or puppets.	
Spring 1 What jobs do people do?	Living in the wider world People and jobs; money; role of the internet PoS refs: L15, L16, L17, L7, L8	 how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they need and want about a range of different jobs, including those done by people they know or people who work in their community how people have different strengths and interests that enable them to do different jobs how people use the internet and digital devices in their jobs and everyday life 	
Spring 2 What helps us to stay safe?	Health and wellbeing Keeping safe; recognising risk; rules PoS refs: H28, H29, H30, H31, H32, H34, R14, R16, R18, R19, R20, L1, L9	 how rules and restrictions help them to keep safe (e.g. basic road, fire, cycle, water safety; in relation to medicines/ household products and online) how to identify risky and potentially unsafe situations (in familiar and unfamiliar environments, including online) and take steps to avoid or remove themselves from them how to resist pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable, including keeping secrets how not everything they see online is true or trustworthy and that people can pretend to be someone they are not how to tell a trusted adult if they are worried for themselves or others, worried that something is unsafe or if they come across something that scares or concerns them 	Thinkuknow: Jessie and Friends 1 decision (5-8) – Computer safety / Hazard watch £ Red Cross – Life. Live it 'Stay safe' Islington Healthy Schools Team – DrugWise £ *The PSHE Association will be releasing a drug and alcohol education programme in summer 2020

Summer 1 What can help	Health and wellbeing Being healthy: eating, drinking, playing and	 that different things help their bodies to be healthy, including food and drink, physical activity, sleep and rest 	1 decision (5-8) -Keeping/staying healthy £
us grow and stay healthy?	sleeping	 that eating and drinking too much sugar can affect their health, including dental health 	
	PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H8, H9	 how to be physically active and how much rest and sleep they should have everyday 	
		 that there are different ways to learn and play; how to know when to take a break from screen-time 	
		 how sunshine helps bodies to grow and how to keep safe and well in the sun 	
Summer 2	Health and wellbeing	how to recognise, name and describe a range of feelings what	PSHE Association – Mental health and wellbeing
How do we	Feelings; mood; times of change; loss and	 helps them to feel good, or better if not feeling good how 	lessons (KS1)
recognise our	bereavement; growing up	• different things / times / experiences can bring about different	
feelings?		feelings for different people (including loss, change and	1 decision (5-8) – Feelings and emotions £
	PoS refs: H11, H12, H13, H14, H15,	bereavement or moving on to a new class/year group) how	
	H16, H17, H18, H19, H20, H27	 feelings can affect people in their bodies and their behaviour 	
	1110, 1117, 1110, 1113, 1120, 1127	ways to manage big feelings and the importance of sharing their	
		feelings with someone they trust	
		how to recognise when they might need help with feelings and how to ask for help when they need it	

YEAR 3 —	YEAR 3 — MEDIUM-TERM OVERVIEW						
Half term / Key question:	Topic	In this unit of work, pupils learn	Quality Assured resources to support planning				

How can we be a good friend?	Relationships Friendship; making positive friendships, managing loneliness, dealing with arguments PoS refs: R10, R11, R13, R14, R17, R18	 how friendships support wellbeing and the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded how to recognise if others are feeling lonely and excluded and strategies to include them how to build good friendships, including identifying qualities that contribute to positive friendships that friendships sometimes have difficulties, and how to manage when there is a problem or an argument between friends, resolve disputes and reconcile differences how to recognise if a friendship is making them unhappy, feel uncomfortable or unsafe and how to ask for support 	Medway Public Health Directorate -Primary RSE lessons (KS2 - Y3), 'Friendship'
What keeps us safe?	Health and wellbeing Keeping safe; at home and school; our bodies; hygiene; medicines and household products PoS refs: H9, H10, H26, H39, H30, H40, H42, H43, H44, R25, R26, R28, R29 Thrive: Carries out responsibility satisfactorily.	 how to recognise hazards that may cause harm or injury and what they should do to reduce risk and keep themselves (or others) safe how to help keep their body protected and safe, e.g. wearing a seatbelt, protective clothing and stabilizers that their body belongs to them and should not be hurt or touched without their permission; what to do and who to tell if they feel uncomfortable how to recognise and respond to pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable (including online) how everyday health and hygiene rules and routines help people stay safe and healthy (including how to manage the use of medicines, such as for allergies and asthma, and other household products, responsibly) how to react and respond if there is an accident and how to deal with minor injuries e.g. scratches, grazes, burns what to do in an emergency, including calling for help and speaking to the emergency services Keeping themselves safe as they become more independent developing everyday living skills, self care, washing and looking after clothes, buying food, preparing it, sharing it living on a budget. 	NSPCC – The underwear rule resources (PANTS) Red Cross – Life. Live it 'Stay safe' Islington Healthy Schools Team – DrugWise £ *The PSHE Association will be releasing a drug and alcohol education programme in summer 2020

Spring 1 What are families like?	Relationships Families; family life; caring for each other PoS refs: R5, R6, R7, R8, R9	 how families differ from each other (including that not every family has the same family structure, e.g. single parents, same sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents) how common features of positive family life often include shared experiences, e.g. celebrations, special days or holidays how people within families should care for each other and the different ways they demonstrate this how to ask for help or advice if family relationships are making them feel unhappy, worried or unsafe 	Coram Life Education – Adoptables Schools Toolkit
Spring 2 What makes a community?	Living in the wider world Community; belonging to groups; similarities and differences; respect for others PoS refs: R32, R33, L6, L7, L8	 how they belong to different groups and communities, e.g. friendship, faith, clubs, classes/year groups what is meant by a diverse community; how different groups make up the wider/local community around the school how the community helps everyone to feel included and values the different contributions that people make how to be respectful towards people who may live differently to them 	PSHE Association - Inclusion, belonging and addressing extremism (KS2 -Y3/4), 'Belonging to a community' Premier League Primary Stars — Diversity Worcester University - Moving and moving home (KS2)
Summer 1 Why should we eat well and look after our teeth?	Health and wellbeing Being healthy: eating well, dental care PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6, H11, H14	 how to eat a healthy diet and the benefits of nutritionally rich foods how to maintain good oral hygiene (including regular brushing and flossing) and the importance of regular visits to the dentist how not eating a balanced diet can affect health, including the impact of too much sugar/acidic drinks on dental health how people make choices about what to eat and drink, including who or what influences these how, when and where to ask for advice and help about healthy eating and dental care 	

Summer 2	Health and wellbeing	how regular physical activity benefits bodies and feelings how to
Why should we keep active and	Being healthy: keeping active, taking rest	be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities
sleep well?	PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H7, H8, H13, H14	 how to make choices about physical activity, including what and who influences decisions how the lack of physical activity can affect health and wellbeing
		how lack of sleep can affect the body and mood and simple routines that support good quality sleep
		how to seek support in relation to physical activity, sleep and rest and who to talk to if they are worried

YEAR 4 — MEDIUM-TERM OVERVIEW					
Half term / Key question:	Topic	In this unit of work, pupils learn	Quality Assured resources to support planning		
Autumn 1 What strengths, skills and interests do we have ?	Health and wellbeing Self-esteem: self-worth; personal qualities; goal setting; managing set backs PoS refs: H27, H28, H29, L25	 how to recognise personal qualities and individuality to develop self-worth by identifying positive things about themselves and their achievements how their personal attributes, strengths, skills and interests contribute to their self-esteem how to set goals for themselves how to manage when there are set-backs, learn from mistakes and reframe unhelpful thinking 	Premier League Primary Stars – Self-esteem / Resilience		
	Thrive target: Is up for learning new skills in areas that interest her/him.	Yoga, juggling or other outside school activities and skills. Everyday living skills.			
Autumn 2 How do we treat each other with respect?	Relationships Respect for self and others; courteous behaviour; safety; human rights PoS refs: R19, R20, R21, R22, R25, R27, R29, R30, R31, H45, L2, L3, L10 Thrive target: Is interested in and accepting of others' different ways of doing things.	 how people's behaviour affects themselves and others, including online how to model being polite and courteous in different situations and recognise the respectful behaviour they should receive in return about the relationship between rights and responsibilities about the right to privacy and how to recognise when a confidence or secret should be kept (such as a nice birthday surprise everyone will find out about) or not agreed to and when to tell (e.g. if someone is being upset or hurt)* the rights that children have and why it is important to protect 	Premier League Primary Stars – Play the right way / Inclusion 1decision – Being responsible / A world without judgement £ Alzheimer's Society -Creating a dementia-friendly generation (KS2)		

How can we	Feelings and emotions; expression of	how feelings change over time and can be experienced at different	lessons (KS2 - Y3/4)
Spring 1	Health and wellbeing	how everyday things can affect feelings	PSHE Association – Mental health and wellbeing
or further informa	ation		
		g safe, safe relationships, privacy, body parts (including external genitalia). Se	e our <u>Addressing FGM in schools</u> information sheet
		scenarios.	
		everyday life or use DVD cartoon characters discussing feelings opinions and different	

Spring 1	Health and wellbeing	how everyday things can affect feelings	PSHE Association – Mental health and wellbeing
How can we	Feelings and emotions; expression of	how feelings change over time and can be experienced at different	lessons (KS2 - Y3/4)
manage our	feelings; behaviour	levels of intensity	
feelings?		 the importance of expressing feelings and how they can be expressed in different ways 	
	PoS refs: H17, H18, H19, H20, H23	 how to respond proportionately to, and manage, feelings in different circumstances 	
		 ways of managing feelings at times of loss, grief and change how to access advice and support to help manage their own or others' feelings 	

Spring 2 How will we grow and change?	Health and wellbeing Growing and changing; puberty PoS refs: H31, H32, H34	 about puberty and how bodies change during puberty, including menstruation and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams how puberty can affect emotions and feelings how personal hygiene routines change during puberty how to ask for advice and support about growing and changing and puberty 	Medway Public Health Directorate - Primary RSE lessons (Y4/5), 'Puberty' Betty – It's perfectly natural
Summer 1 How can our choices make a difference to others and the environment?	Living in the wider world Caring for others; the environment; people and animals; shared responsibilities, making choices and decisions PoS refs: L4, L5, L19, R34	 how people have a shared responsibility to help protect the world around them how everyday choices can affect the environment how what people choose to buy or spend money on can affect others or the environment (e.g. Fairtrade, single use plastics, giving to charity) the skills and vocabulary to share their thoughts, ideas and opinions in discussion about topical issues how to show care and concern for others (people and animals) how to carry out personal responsibilities in a caring and compassionate way 	Premier League Primary Stars / Sky Ocean Rescue — Tackling plastic pollution RSPCA - Compassionate classroom lessons Team Margot — Giving help to others (resources on blood, stem cell and bone marrow donation) 1decision — Being responsible / The working world £

Summer 2	Health and wellbeing	how to recognise, predict, assess and manage risk in different	PSHE Association and GambleAware -Exploring
How can we	Keeping safe; out and about; recognising	situations	risk (KS2)
manage risk	and managing risk	 how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar 	
in different		locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun	Google & Parentzone – Be Internet Legends
places?		safety and the safe use of digital devices when out and about)	NSPCC - Share Aware
	PoS refs: H12, H37, H38, H41, H42,	• how people can be influenced by their peers' behaviour and by a	NSFCC - Shale Aware
	H47, R12, R15, R23, R24, R28, R29, L1,	desire for peer approval; how to manage this influence how	Islington Healthy Schools Team – DrugWise £
	L5, L15	people's online actions can impact on other people how to keep	
		• safe online, including managing requests for personal information	*The PSHE Association will be releasing a drug and
		and recognising what is appropriate to share or not share online	alcohol education programme in summer 2020
		how to report concerns, including about inappropriate online	
		content and contact	
		that rules, restrictions and laws exist to help people keep safe and	
		 how to respond if they become aware of a situation that is anti- 	
		social or against the law	

YEAR 5 — MEDIUM-TERM OVERVIEW

Half term / Key question:	Торіс	In this unit of work, pupils learn	Quality Assured resources to support planning
Autumn 1 What makes up our identity?	Health and wellbeing Identity; personal attributes and qualities; similarities and differences; individuality; stereotypes PoS refs: H25, H26, H27, R32, L9	 how to recognise and respect similarities and differences between people and what they have in common with others that there are a range of factors that contribute to a person's identity (e.g. ethnicity, family, faith, culture, gender, hobbies, likes/dislikes) how individuality and personal qualities make up someone's identity (including that gender identity is part of personal identity and for some people does not correspond with their biological sex) about stereotypes and how they are not always accurate, and can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others how to challenge stereotypes and assumptions about others 	PSHE Association - Inclusion, belonging and addressing extremism (KS2 –Y5/6), 'Stereotypes' Premier League Primary Stars – Developing values Metro Charity, KS2, Gender
Autumn 2 What decisions can people make with money?	Living in the wider world Money; making decisions; spending and saving PoS refs: R34, L17, L18, L20, L21, L22, L24 Thrives: Carries out responsibility satisfactorily.	 how people make decisions about spending and saving money and what influences them how to keep track of money so people know how much they have to spend or save how people make choices about ways of paying for things they want and need (e.g. from current accounts/savings; store card/credit cards; loans) how to recognise what makes something 'value for money' and what this means to them that there are risks associated with money (it can be won, lost or stolen) and how money can affect people's feelings and emotions Problem solving and collaborative work links to business project e.g. Xmas gifts/fair. 	

Spring 1 How can we help in an accident or emergency?	Health and wellbeing Basic first aid, accidents, dealing with emergencies PoS refs: H43, H44	 Exploring ways to do things so they can experience completion and satisfaction. how to carry out basic first aid including for burns, scalds, cuts, bleeds, choking, asthma attacks or allergic reactions that if someone has experienced a head injury, they should not be moved when it is appropriate to use first aid and the importance of seeking adult help 	Red Cross - Life. Live it Help save lives / Emergency action
		the importance of remaining calm in an emergency and providing clear information about what has happened to an adult or the emergency services	
Spring 2 How can friends communicate safely?	Relationships Friendships; relationships; becoming independent; online safety PoS refs: R1, R18, R24, R26, R29, L11, L15	 about the different types of relationships people have in their lives how friends and family communicate together; how the internet and social media can be used positively how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face-to-face to-face how to recognise risk in relation to friendships and keeping safe about the types of content (including images) that is safe to share online; ways of seeking and giving consent before images or personal information is shared with friends or family how to respond if a friendship is making them feel worried, unsafe or uncomfortable how to ask for help or advice and respond to pressure, inappropriate contact or concerns about personal safety 	Thinkuknow – Play, Like, Share Google & Parentzone – Be Internet Legends

Summer 1	Health and wellbeing	how drugs common to everyday life (including smoking/vaping -	Islington Healthy Schools Team – DrugWise £
How can drugs	Drugs, alcohol and tobacco; healthy habits	nicotine, alcohol, caffeine and medicines) can affect health and wellbeing	1decision - Keeping/staying healthy £
everyday life affect health?	PoS refs: H1, H3, H4, H46, H47, H48,	 that some drugs are legal (but may have laws or restrictions related to them) and other drugs are illegal 	*The PSHE Association will be releasing a drug and alcohol education programme in summer 2020
	H50	 how laws surrounding the use of drugs exist to protect them and others 	
		 why people choose to use or not use different drugs how people can prevent or reduce the risks associated with them 	
		that for some people, drug use can become a habit which is difficult to break	
		 how organisations help people to stop smoking and the support available to help people if they have concerns about any drug use 	
		how to ask for help from a trusted adult if they have any worries or concerns about drugs	
		•	

What jobs would we like?	Careers; aspirations; role models; the future	 more than one during their careers and over their lifetime that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid)
	PoS refs: L26, L27, L28, L29, L30, L31, L32	 about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs
		that there are different ways into jobs and careers, including college, apprenticeships and university
		 how people choose a career/job and what influences their decision, including skills, interests and pay
		how to question and challenge stereotypes about the types of jobs people can do
		 how they might choose a career/job for themselves when they are older, why they would choose it and what might influence their decisions

that there is a broad range of different jobs and people often have

Summer 2

Living in the wider world

YEAR 6 —	YEAR 6 — MEDIUM-TERM OVERVIEW				
Half term / Key question:	Topic	In this unit of work, pupils learn	Quality Assured resources to support planning		

Autumn 1	Health and wellbeing	how mental and physical health are linked how positive friendships	PSHE Association – Mental health and wellbeing
& 2	Looking after ourselves; growing up;	and being involved in activities such as clubs and community	(KS2 – Y5/6), lessons 1 and 2
How can we	becoming independent; taking more	groups support wellbeing how to make choices that support a	
keep healthy as	responsibility	healthy, balanced lifestyle including:	PSHE Association and - The sleep factor (KS2)
we grow?		» how to plan a healthy meal	Rise Above – Sleep (KS2)
		» how to stay physically active	
	PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6, H7,	» how to maintain good dental health, including oral hygiene,	Rise Above – Social media (KS2)
	H8, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H16,	food and drink choices	*The PSHE Association will be releasing a drug and
	H21, H22, H40, H46, R10	» how to benefit from and stay safe in the sun	alcohol education programme in summer 2020
	Thrive: participates well in groups	» how and why to balance time spent online with other	
	without dominating or being	activities	
	dominated.	» how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; the effects of	
	dominated.	poor sleep; strategies that support good quality sleep	
		» how to manage the influence of friends and family on health	
		choices	
		that habits can be healthy or unhealthy; strategies to help change	
		or break an unhealthy habit or take up a new healthy one	
		how legal and illegal drugs (legal and illegal) can affect health	
		and how to manage situations involving them how to recognise	
		early signs of physical or mental ill-health and what to do about	
		this, including whom to speak to in and outside school that	
		health problems, including mental health problems, can build up	
		if they are not recognised, managed, or if help is not sought early	
		on that anyone can experience mental ill-health and to discuss	
		concerns with a trusted adult	
		that mental health difficulties can usually be resolved or managed	
		with the right strategies and support.	
		Develop healthy relationships with their peers and respect	
		their views and values. Twinkl respect scenario cards.	
		In groups choose activities to improve mood and mental	
		health. Try out and evaluate activities. There needs to be respect for others ideas in the group.	
		that FGM is illegal and goes against human rights; that they should	
		tell someone immediately if they are worried for themselves or	
		someone else ¹	

Spring 1 & 2 How can the media influence people?	Living the wider world Media literacy and digital resilience; influences and decision-making; online safety	 how the media, including online experiences, can affect people's wellbeing – their thoughts, feelings and actions that not everything should be shared online or social media and that there are rules about this, including the distribution of images 	PSHE Association - Inclusion, belonging and addressing extremism (KS2 –Y5/6), 'Extremism' PSHE Association, National Literacy Trust and The
	PoS refs: H49, R34, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L16, L23	 that mixed messages in the media exist (including about health, the news and different groups of people) and that these can influence opinions and decisions how text and images can be manipulated or invented; strategies to recognise this to evaluate how reliable different types of online content and media are, e.g. videos, blogs, news, reviews, adverts to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online and what to do about it how information is ranked, selected, targeted to meet the interests of individuals and groups, and can be used to influence them how to make decisions about the content they view online or in the media and know if it is appropriate for their age range how to respond to and if necessary, report information viewed online which is upsetting, frightening or untrue to recognise the risks involved in gambling related activities, what might influence somebody to gamble and the impact it might have to discuss and debate what influences people's decisions, taking into consideration different viewpoints 	Guardian Foundation – NewsWise, Lessons 3, 5 and 6 BBFC – Let's watch a film – making choices about what to watch Childnet – Trust me Islington Healthy Schools Team – DrugWise £ Rise Above – Social Media *The PSHE Association will be releasing a drug and alcohol education programme in summer 2020
Summer 1 & 2 What will change as we become more independent?	Relationships Different relationships, changing and growing, adulthood, independence, moving to secondary school	 that people have different kinds of relationships in their lives, including romantic or intimate relationships that people who are attracted to and love each other can be of any gender, ethnicity or faith; the way couples care for one another safe, safe relationships, privacy, body parts (including external genitalia). See	Medway Public Health Directorate - Primary RSE lessons (Y6) Betty – It's perfectly natural

¹ Teaching about FGM could be included in units on health, keeping safe, safe relationships, privacy, body parts (including external genitalia). See our <u>Addressing FGM in schools information sheet</u> for further information

How do	PoS refs: H24, H30, H33, H34, H35,	•	that adults can choose to be part of a committed relationship or not, including marriage or civil partnership	NSPCC – Making sense of relationships (KS2)
friendships change as we	H36, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R16	•	that marriage should be wanted equally by both people and that	PSHE Association – Mental health and wellbeing (KS2 –
grow?			forcing someone to marry against their will is a crime how puberty	Y5/6), lesson 3, Feelings and common anxieties when
		•	relates to growing from childhood to adulthood about the	transitioning to secondary school
		•	reproductive organs and process - how babies are conceived and	Rise Above – Transition to secondary school
			born and how they need to be cared for that there are ways to	•
		•	prevent a baby being made ² how growing up and becoming more	
		•	independent comes with increased opportunities and responsibilities	
		•	how friendships may change as they grow and how to manage this	
		•	how to manage change, including moving to secondary school; how to ask for support or where to seek further information and advice regarding growing up and changing	

²Pupils are often aware that sexual intercourse does not always result in a baby and they may already be aware of or have heard about some common methods of contraception (e.g. condoms, the contraceptive pill or avoiding sexual intercourse). A basic understanding of contraception can be taught at primary level. This may include basic information about common forms of contraception (for example, condoms and the contraceptive pill) and how these can prevent a baby being made. Schools will need to decide whether this is appropriate for their community and cohorts and consider how to approach this as part of Sex Education.